

**SQUAMISH-LILLOOET REGIONAL DISTRICT
BYLAW NO. 1297-2013 (Consolidated)**

A bylaw to provide for the regulation of the Lillooet Landfill
and the imposition of fees, charges and interest

WHEREAS the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District has, pursuant to Lillooet & Area Refuse Disposal Local Service Conversion and Establishment Bylaw No. 508, 1993, as amended, established the service of refuse disposal for Electoral Areas A and B and the District of Lillooet;

AND WHEREAS the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District is empowered to establish a scale of fees, charges and interest payable for depositing Solid Waste at the Lillooet Landfill;

AND WHEREAS the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District operates the Lillooet Landfill for disposal of Solid Waste and maintains a system to collect, remove and dispose of Solid Waste and compels persons to make use of such system;

AND WHEREAS Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fees Bylaw No. 525, 1993, as amended, established a regime for the imposition of tipping fees upon all users of refuse disposal sites, including the Lillooet Landfill;

AND WHEREAS the Regional District wishes to better regulate the Lillooet Landfill and establish a new scale of fees, charges, and interest payable by persons using the Lillooet Landfill and compelling payment of the sums fixed for that purpose.

NOW THEREFORE, the Board of the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

1. AMENDMENT AND APPLICATION

1.1 Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fees Bylaw No. 525, 1993, as amended, is hereby further amended by deleting Schedules "A" and "B" therefrom.

1.2 For clarity, the following bylaws are hereby repealed:

- a) Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fee Amendment Bylaw No. 610, 1996;
- b) Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fee Amendment Bylaw No. 696, 1999 (Schedule A – Lillooet Landfill Tipping Fees Schedule and Schedule E – Gold Bridge Transfer Station Tipping Fee Schedule);
- c) Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fee Amendment Bylaw No. 904-2004;
- d) Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fee Amendment Bylaw No. 943-2005 (Schedule A – Lillooet Landfill).

1.3 For further clarity, to the extent that Squamish-Lillooet Regional District Refuse Disposal Site Tipping Fees Bylaw No. 525, 1993, as amended, conflicts with this Bylaw, this Bylaw shall apply and shall take precedence over Bylaw No. 525, 1993, as amended.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 In this Bylaw, unless the context otherwise requires:

Administrator	means the Chief Administrative Officer of the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District, or his or her designate.
Agricultural Waste	means waste that originates from an agricultural operation as defined pursuant to the <i>Environmental Management Act</i> (S.B.C. 2003 c.53) and includes manure, used mushroom medium and agricultural vegetation waste. Carcasses and animal wastes other than manure are considered Controlled Wastes and are not included in this definition.
Asbestos Waste	means waste containing friable asbestos fibres or asbestos dust greater than 1% either at the time of manufacture, or as determined using a method specified in Section 40(1) of the <i>Hazardous Waste Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 63/88), including Asbestos Cement. Gypsum Board containing asbestos is considered to be Asbestos Waste.
Asbestos Cement	means shingles, tiles, siding, board or pipe containing asbestos material tightly bound within a solid matrix not easily crumbled by hand, but which is easily crumbled and friable by equipment during landfill disposal.
Attendant	means the person or corporate entity, and its employees, selected by the Regional District from time to time to manage the Landfill.
Biomedical Waste	means waste defined as biomedical waste under the <i>Hazardous Waste Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 63/88), and further includes materials used in the provision of medicine or medical care, including, but not limited to: materials such as sheets, dressings, cleaning or sanitizing sponges or pads, tubing used for fluids, syringes with or without sharps, and fluids, generated from operating rooms or bedside medical care. Biomedical Waste does not include materials generated by the provision of comfort, housing, food services or office administration.
Chipped Wood	means Wood Waste (Clean), Garden and Yard Waste, and Land Clearing Waste that has been cut, ground, or chipped into smaller fragments approximately 1-3 cm ² in size.
Clean Fill	means soil or aggregate material including crushed concrete less than 150 mm in diameter (6 inches) and does not include Contaminated Soil.
Contaminated Soil	means soil, sediment or fill material containing substances in quantities greater than or equal to those described in Column IV, Schedule 7 of the Provincial <i>Contaminated Sites Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 375/96).
Compost	means a product which is a stabilized earthy matter having the properties and structure of humus, beneficial to plant growth when used as a soil amendment, produced by composting, and only derived from organic matter.

Compostable Material Directed to the Burn Pile	<p>means Garden and Yard Waste, Land Clearing Waste, and Wood Waste (Clean) that could otherwise be composted but is directed by the attendant to the burn pile. This may include loads of unchipped Wood Waste (Clean) and/or Land Clearing Waste that are mixed with Garden and Yard Waste and not separated on site, as well as loads of unchipped Wood Waste (Clean) and Land Clearing Waste contaminated with soil and/or gravel.</p> <p>Compostable Material Directed to the Burn Pile does not include stumps and branches too large to chip that are also directed to the burn pile.</p>
Composting Facility	means a facility that composts organic waste.
Controlled Waste	<p>means Solid Waste requiring Special Handling at the Landfill, and includes but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Asbestos Waste, dry slurry or cement; b) Animal wastes and carcasses; c) CFC appliances; d) Contaminated Soil; g) Organic Waste; h) Products covered under the <i>Recycling Regulation</i> (B.C Reg 449/2004). <p>See: Special Handling</p>
Clean Construction Waste	means waste produced from the construction, renovation, and demolition of buildings, and other structures, but does not include waste containing or contaminated with Gypsum Board, treated or preserved wood, asbestos, creosote, PCB treatments, any special waste or Wood Waste (Clean).
Corrugated Cardboard	means recyclable paper from residential, industrial, commercial or institutional sources which includes, but is not limited to containers or materials used in containers consisting of 3 or more layers of kraft paper material and having smooth exterior liners and a corrugated or rippled core, but excluding containers which are impregnated with blood, grease, oil, chemicals, food residue, wax, or have polyethylene, polystyrene, foil or other non-paper liners, or are contaminated with a material which will render the corrugated cardboard not marketable.
Disposal Area	means those parts of the Landfill currently involved in the landfilling or deposit of Solid Waste.
Drop Off Area	means those areas of the Landfill where bins are provided for deposit of Solid Waste.
Drums	means plastic or metal barrels larger than 50 litres capacity made for holding liquids.
Environmental Management Act	means the <i>Environmental Management Act</i> (S.B.C. 2003 c.53), as amended or replaced and any successor legislation and any regulations thereunder.
Extended Producer Responsibility	means a policy approach in which a producer's responsibility for a product is extended to the post-consumer stage of the product's life cycle.

Garden and Yard Waste	means uncontaminated vegetation removed from gardens and lawns, shrubs and trees and includes grass, lawn and hedge clippings, flowers, weeds, leaves, vegetable stalks, but does <i>not</i> include shrub and tree branches over 20 cm long or 1 cm in stalk diameter, shrubs, trees or stumps.
Gypsum Board	includes, but is not necessarily limited to new construction off-cuts or scraps and old wallboard that has been painted, covered in wallpaper, vinyl, ceramic tile, and lath and plaster and is removed during renovation and demolition, but excludes wallboard covered with asbestos.
Hazardous Waste	means waste defined as hazardous waste under the <i>Hazardous Waste Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 63/88) and includes any gaseous, liquid or Solid Waste that, because of its inherent nature and quantity, may require special handling and storage techniques to avoid creating health hazards, nuisances or environmental pollution. Hazardous Waste includes, but is not limited to toxins, poisons, corrosives, irritants, strong sensitizers, flammables, ignitable materials, infectious wastes, and condemned foods.
Household Waste	means Residual Solid Waste originating from residential housing units.
Industrial-Commercial-Institutional (“ICI”) Premises	means any premises used for purposes other than for single family residences, duplexes, apartment suites or mobile housing units.
ICI Waste	means any waste originating from an Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Premises and/or operation including, but not limited to forestry, pulp and paper, mining, fisheries, restaurants, grocers, schools and churches.
Ignitable	means having the properties of: a) flammable gas; b) flammable liquid; c) flammable solids; d) substances liable to spontaneous combustion; or e) substances that on contact with water, emit flammable gases.
Land Clearing Waste	means branches from tree, shrub and hedge pruning longer than 20 cm or larger than 1 cm in stalk diameter, tree tops, limbs and whole trees generated from the clearing of land and the small scale harvesting of merchantable timber, and stumps but does not include Garden and Yard Waste.
Landfill	means the Lillooet Landfill located on the west side of the Fraser Canyon, 3 km north of Lillooet on Landfill Road.
Load	means any volume of waste brought into the Landfill and includes wastes transported by vehicle, by foot, by bicycle, or by other mode of transportation.
Medical Facility Waste	means Solid Waste originating from a hospital or health care facility that does not contain Biomedical Waste and does not require Special Handling.
Metal	means recyclable ferrous and non-ferrous metallic materials which include, but are not limited to sheet metal, siding, roofing, rebar, flashings, pipes, window frames, doors, furnaces, duct work, wire,

	<p>cable, bathtubs, fencing, bicycle frames, automotive parts, machinery, appliances, garbage cans, metal furniture, tire rims and metal cans.</p> <p>Metal does not include metal that is incorporated into a product or packaging, such as a couch, that does not comprise more than 50% of the product weight and that cannot be readily separated from the non-metallic components.</p>
Mixed Residual Solid Waste	Means Residual Solid Waste that contains more than 5% recyclable materials by weight or by volume.
Mixed Construction Waste	means waste produced from the construction, renovation, and demolition of buildings, and other structures, including waste containing or contaminated with Gypsum Board and/or treated or preserved wood, but does NOT include asbestos, creosote, PCB treatments, or any Hazardous Waste.
Organic Waste	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Agricultural Waste, except manure; b) Garden and Yard Waste; c) Wood Waste (Clean); <p>Organic Waste does <i>not</i> include: organic material in consumer packaging intended for sale; post-consumer organic waste; food wastes; fruits; vegetables; meat; fish; shellfish; poultry; bones; biosolids; septage; sludge; paper products; plastic material or metal materials.</p> <p>Organic Waste may originate from, but is not limited to: material from residential generators, establishments serving food; grocers selling food; and nursery or farming operations.</p>
Plastic Material	means clean items made from any of a variety of organic synthetic or processed materials that are mostly thermoplastic or thermosetting polymers of high molecular weight and made into objects, films or filaments either marked with a Society of Plastic Industries (SPI) code #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, or unmarked. Plastic Material includes clean film plastics, plastic wrap, and plastic sheets, but does <i>not</i> include styrofoam, polystyrene items, or items that contain or have contained Hazardous Waste.
Prohibited Waste	<p>means a waste prohibited from disposal and includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) automobile hulks and engines; b) Hazardous Waste; c) rubber tires, with or without rims, 25 inches in diameter or greater; d) Biomedical Waste; e) oils, paints, glues and solvents except for residential products covered under the current Product Care Stewardship Programs; f) Radioactive Waste; g) Reactive Waste.
Radioactive Waste	means a waste containing a prescribed substance as defined under the authority of the <i>Nuclear Safety and Control Act</i> (S.C. 1997, c.9) in sufficient quantity or concentration to require a license for possession or use under that <i>Act</i> and regulations made under that <i>Act</i> .

Reactive Waste	means waste defined as reactive under the Hazardous Waste Regulation (B.C. Reg. 63/88).
Regional District	means the Squamish-Lillooet Regional District.
Residual Management	means disposal in accordance with the <i>Environmental Management Act</i> of what remains in the solid waste stream following reduction, reuse, recycling and recovery activities but does not include Prohibited Waste.
Residual Solid Waste	means what remains in the solid waste stream following reduction, reuse, recycling and recovery activities but does not include Prohibited Waste.
Re-Use-It Center	means the building where users can drop off approved items without incurring tipping fee charges, and whereby users can remove items free of charge. Items for deposit or removal must be approved by the Attendant.
Roll-off Bin	means an interchangeable container that can be separated from a hauling truck through the use of a mechanism integrated into the frame of the hauling truck.
Solid Waste	means municipal solid waste as defined under the <i>Environmental Management Act</i> (S.B.C. 2003 c.53), and includes refuse that originates from residential, commercial, institutional, demolition, land clearing and/or construction sources.
Special Handling	means a method or methods of handling of Controlled Waste; including extra excavation, trenching, grinding, chipping, lining, extra cover or using extraordinary means to cover other than that required with other Solid Waste, and includes all program requirements for materials accepted at the Disposal Area covered under the <i>Recycling Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 449/2004) and all amending regulations under the <i>Environmental Management Act</i> (S.B.C. 2003 c.53).
Stewardship Materials	means any waste or recyclable materials included in an approved stewardship plan as defined under the <i>Recycling Regulation</i> (B.C. Reg. 449/2004).
Tires	means all rubber tires.
Wood Waste (Clean)	means wood waste from construction and/or demolition that has been separated from other construction/demolition waste and which has not been painted or treated with wood preservatives, and which is not attached to or containing tile, Gypsum Board, glue, carpet, dirt, soil or other non-wood materials.

3. REGULATIONS

3.1 No person shall dispose of or in any way deposit Solid Waste at the Landfill, except in accordance with this Bylaw.

3.2 No person shall dispose of or deposit Prohibited Waste at the Landfill.

3.3 The Board of the Regional District delegates to the Administrator the power to, on behalf of the Regional District, grant the approvals required in sections 3.4, 3.5, 3.14, 3.17, 3.18, 4.9 and paragraph 2

of Schedule "B" of this Bylaw upon provision of requisite documentation by a person requesting such approval.

3.4 All persons wishing to dispose of refuse containing asbestos must provide any documentation (including chemical manifest) required by the Ministry of Environment, obtain the prior written approval of the Administrator, which shall be based upon Provincial regulations, or explicit Provincial authority, and must provide the said approval and documentation to the Attendant.

3.5 All persons wishing to dispose of refuse containing toxic residue, other than those materials listed under item iv of Schedule "A.", attached hereto and forming part of this Bylaw, must provide any documentation (including chemical manifest) required by the Ministry of Environment, obtain the prior written approval of the Administrator, which shall be based upon Provincial regulations, or explicit Provincial authority, and must provide the said approval and documentation to the Attendant.

3.6 Loads of Garden and Yard Waste delivered in Roll-off Bins shall not be accepted at the Landfill without at least 24 hours' notice given to the Attendant prior to disposal of the Load of Garden and Yard Waste.

3.7 Loads of Wood Waste delivered in Roll-off Bins shall not be accepted at the Landfill without at least 24 hours' notice given to the Attendant prior to disposal of the Load of Wood Waste (Clean).

3.8 No person shall salvage or remove material deposited at the Landfill except from the Re-Use-It Center.

3.9 No person shall loiter at the Landfill.

3.10 No person shall leave their vehicle unattended at the Landfill.

3.11 Any person entering the Landfill shall proceed directly to the weigh scale and then leave the Landfill without delay after unloading.

3.12 Persons entering the Landfill do so at their own risk. The Regional District accepts no liability whatsoever for damage and/or injury to persons or property at the Landfill.

3.13 Children under 13 years of age, and pets shall not be permitted at the Landfill except inside a vehicle.

3.14 No person may dispose of or deposit at the Landfill any refuse originating outside the boundaries of the service participants, Areas A, B and the District of Lillooet, without prior approval from the Administrator based upon the type and quantity of the applicable refuse.

3.15 No person shall dispose of or deposit Solid Waste other than at the Landfill.

3.16 Without prior approval from the Attendant, no vehicles will be granted access to the Landfill outside of the regular operating hours as posted at the Landfill.

3.17 For community cleanup projects or cleanup initiatives from illegal dump sites to be considered for waiving of tipping fees, a completed Schedule "D" must be submitted to and approved by the Administrator before disposing of the collected waste. The Administrator shall consider the following factors in determining whether the tipping fees may be waived:

- a) the size of the cleanup project;
- b) whether the cleanup project is being conducted by an established community group;
- c) whether the project has received the endorsement of one or more elected officials;
- d) whether any public funds are already being expended in the course of the cleanup;
- e) whether any illegal dumping enforcement action is pending or whether such action presents a viable alternative; and
- f) the estimated amount of tipping fees to be waived.

and may stipulate operational conditions for the approval, including the right to place limits on the amount of wastes to be deposited at the Landfill.

3.18 All persons wishing to dispose of Clean Fill must obtain the prior written approval of the Administrator and must provide said approval to the Attendant.

4. RATES

4.1 Every person depositing Solid Waste at the Landfill shall pay to the Regional District the applicable fees and charges set out in Schedule "A" hereto by way of payment to the Attendant.

4.2 All Loads must be weighed and inspected by the Attendant. Items for the Re-Use-It Center must be approved by the Attendant prior to being placed in the Re-Use-It Center.

4.3 If a person attends the Landfill with a Load that contains source-separated recyclables, compostable Organic Waste, Construction Waste, Wood Waste (Clean), Gypsum and/or other Solid Waste and the person chooses not to weigh-out after disposing of each part of the Load, namely the source-separated recyclables, compostable Organic Waste, Construction Waste, Wood Waste (Clean), Gypsum and/or other Solid Waste, at the designated Disposal Areas, then the person must pay to the Regional District a Tipping Fee for the entire Load that is based on the highest fee payable for any part of the Load, in the amounts set out in Schedule "A" of this Bylaw.

4.4 Every person who disposes of a Load at the Landfill that contains dirty or wet Recyclable Paper or dirty Plastic Waste that exceeds either 5% of the total weight of the Load must pay the Regional District a Tipping Fee for the entire Load that is based on the fee payable for Mixed Residual Solid Waste, in the amount set out in Schedule "A" of this Bylaw.

4.5 The fees and charges specified in Schedule "A" will be doubled if the Solid Waste is not disposed of as directed by the Attendant or as specified on signage at the Landfill.

4.6 Unless otherwise specified, fees and charges will not be levied for items collected under current and future Extended Producer Responsibility Programs or Stewardship Programs as defined by Provincial legislation.

4.7 All Tipping Fees payable pursuant to this Bylaw must be paid to the Regional District before the person leaves the Disposal Area.

4.8 Notwithstanding sections 4.1 and 4.7, customer charge accounts may be established in accordance with the Customer Charge Account Policy attached hereto as Schedule "C" and forming part of this Bylaw.

4.9 In the event the weigh scale system at a Landfill is not functioning, whether due to a power outage, mechanical failure or any other reason, the Administrator may approve a request from the Attendant to either:

- (a) close the Landfill until the weigh scale system is functioning; or
- (b) permit a person to dispose of a single Load of Residual Solid Waste at the Disposal Site subject to the following:
 - (i) the Load must not measure more than 0.5 cubic metres in volume; and
 - (ii) the applicable flat minimum charge set out in Schedule "A" of this Bylaw will apply to the Load.

4.10 Every person purchasing Chipped Wood and/or Compost at the Landfill shall pay to the Regional District the applicable fees and charges set out in Schedule "B" hereto by way of payment to the Attendant.

5. OFFENCES

5.1 No person shall do any act or suffer or permit any act or thing to be done in contravention of this Bylaw.

5.2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this bylaw or who suffers or permits any act or thing to be done in contravention of this bylaw, or who refuses, or omits or neglects to fulfill, observe, carry out or perform any duty or obligation imposed by this bylaw, is guilty of an offence and

- (a) pursuant to the Local Government Act or the Offence Act or both shall be liable on summary conviction to:
 - i. a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment of not more than 6 months, or both,
 - ii. the costs of prosecution, and
 - iii. any other penalty or remedy imposed or permissible pursuant to an enactment
- (b) the penalties and remedies imposed under subsection (a) shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any other penalty or remedy imposed by or permissible under this bylaw or any other enactment; and
- (c) each day that a violation is caused or allowed to continue constitutes a separate offence under this bylaw.

5.3 The Administrator may prohibit a person who contravenes this Bylaw from depositing Solid Waste at the Landfill.

5.4 If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase in this bylaw is for any reason held to be invalid by a decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the bylaw.

6. CITATION

6.1 This Bylaw may be cited as "Lillooet Landfill Fees and Charges Regulation Bylaw No. 1297-2013".

READ A FIRST TIME this 26th day of January, 2017.

READ A SECOND TIME this 26th day of January, 2017.

READ A THIRD TIME this 26th day of January, 2017.

ADOPTED this 26th day of January, 2017.

Jack Crompton
Chair

Kristen Clark
Secretary

SCHEDULE "A" TIPPING FEE SCHEDULE

ITEM		RATE	
A. Residual Solid Waste		Minimum Charge is up to 20 kgs, weights over 20 kgs will be charged per tonne	
i.	Clean Fill as approved (per requirements of section 3.18)		Free
ii.	Residual Solid Waste and/or Clean Construction Waste: recyclables removed, includes furniture - couch/chair/sofa/mattress, no Gypsum Board or preserved/painted wood	minimum charge	\$1.50
		per tonne	\$78.50
iii.	Mixed Residual Solid Waste: containing more than 5% recyclables; Mixed Construction Waste: contains Gypsum Board (date stamped post 1990 or tested asbestos free); preserved/painted wood; animal carcasses; dry biosolid sludge	minimum charge	\$3.25
		per tonne	\$156.00
iv.	Asphalt: includes road asphalt, asphalt shingles, hydrocarbon impacted soils	minimum charge	\$1.50
		per tonne	\$78.50
v.	Materials containing toxic residue as approved (per requirements of section 3.5)	minimum charge	\$5.00
		per tonne	\$180.00
vi.	Asbestos as approved (per requirements of section 3.4): includes untested pre-1990 and non-date stamped Gypsum Board	minimum charge	\$10.00
		per tonne	\$240.00
vii.	Community cleanups/illegal dump cleanup as approved (per requirements of section 3.17)		Free
B. Organic Waste		Minimum Charge is up to 50 kgs, weights over 50 kgs will be charged per tonne	
viii.	Garden Waste		Free
ix.	Chipped Wood Waste or Land Clearing Waste: clean or untreated/unpainted		Free
x.	Unchipped Wood Waste and Land Clearing Waste: clean or untreated/unpainted - includes branches and stumps	minimum charge	\$1.00
		per tonne	\$20.00
xi.	Compostable Material Directed to the Burn Pile: clean or untreated/unpainted	minimum charge	\$2.00
		per tonne	\$40.00

C. Recycling, Metals and Stewardship Programs		Minimum Charge is up to 200 kgs, weights over 200 kgs will be charged per tonne	
xii.	Rubber tire - without rim, up to 25" rim diameter	each	\$5.75
xiii.	Rubber tire - with rim, up to 25" rim diameter	each	\$11.50
xiv.	Air Conditioner/refrigerator/freezer	each	\$20.50
xv.	Stoves, washers, dryers, furnaces, water heaters	each	\$9.00
xvi.	Bulk metal	minimum charge	\$6.00
		per tonne	\$30.00
xvii.	Products covered under BC Recycling Regulation legislation and approved stewardship plans		Free
D. Prohibited Waste			
xviii.	Automobile hulks, engines		
xix.	Rubber tire - without or without rim, 25" rim diameter and over		
xx.	Hazardous Wastes		
xxi.	Asbestos: without requisite tracking slips/MOE permits or documents and Administrator permission as per requirements of section 3.4		
xxii.	Biomedical Waste		
xxiii.	Materials containing toxic residue: without requisite documentation and Administrator permission as per requirements of section 3.5		
xxiv.	Clean Fill: without Administrator permission as per requirements of section 3.18		
E. Miscellaneous			
xxv.	An after-hours rate of \$50 per hour or a \$20 surcharge per metric tonne, whichever is greater, will be applied to the tipping fees for after-hours operations.		
xxvi.	Refuse not specified in Schedule "A" will be charged at the rate of \$78.50 per tonne		
xxvii.	In the event the weigh scale system at a Landfill is not functioning, Loads of Residual Solid Waste up to 0.5 m ³ will be accepted at a rate of \$5.00 per Load		

SCHEDULE "B"
COMPOST SALE SCHEDULE

ITEM		RATE	
		Minimum Charge is up to 5 gallon bucket, sales over 5 gallons will be charged per tonne	
i.	Chipped Wood; self load	minimum charge	\$1.00
		per tonne	\$15.00
ii.	Chipped Wood; mechanical loading using Bobcat (minimum one pickup load) or 966 (minimum one dump truck load)	per tonne	\$45.00
iii.	Compost	minimum charge	\$2.00
		per tonne	\$30.00
iv.	Compost; mechanical loading using Bobcat (minimum one pickup load) or 966 (minimum one dump truck load)	per tonne	\$70.00

SCHEDULE "C"

CUSTOMER CHARGE ACCOUNT POLICY

- 1) Any person wishing to establish a customer charge account with the Regional District must complete the Regional District's application for credit ("Application for Credit").
- 2) The Administrator may approve the Application for Credit on behalf of the Regional District and establish a commercial charge account for a person for up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- 3) If the Regional District approves a person's Application for Credit and establishes a commercial charge account, then:
 - a) the person may leave the Landfill before paying the applicable Tipping Fees and Surcharges; and
 - b) the Regional District will generate invoices for Tipping Fees and Surcharges on a monthly basis for up to the established commercial charge account limit, and such invoices are payable on receipt.
- 4) Where a person fails or refuses to pay an invoice for Tipping Fees and Surcharges within thirty-five (35) days, then the Administrator may rescind their customer charge account and the person must:
 - a) pay interest on the Tipping Fee or Surcharge at the rate of 1.25% per month compounded monthly and calculated daily (16.08% per annum) on all amounts overdue, including all overdue interest from the date the charge was due to the date of payment; and
 - b) not dispose of any Solid Waste at a Disposal Site until any outstanding invoice has been paid in full.

SCHEDULE "D"
REQUEST FOR WAIVING OF TIPPING FEES

CONTACT INFORMATION

Name of Organization: _____

Date of Application: _____

Project Contact Name: _____

Phone: _____

Email: _____

PROJECT DETAILS

Disposal Date: _____

Expected Volume: _____

Types of Waste:

Description of Project

(location, who benefits, who is doing the cleanup, other 'in-kind' donations.)

APPROVAL CONDITIONS

Waived Fees Granted for:

Other Conditions:

Approval Date: _____

Approved By: _____